IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend claims 21, 26 and 33 as follows.
Claims 1-20. Cancelled

- 21. (Currently Amended) A computer system, in which a part of main memory is able to be hot-plugged, said computer system comprising,
 - a first memory,
- a non-volatile storage storing first memory information of said first memory size and a second memory information of a second memory to be hot-plugged,
- a processor acquiring said first and second memory information from said non-volatile storage and mapping said first memory based on said first and second memory information, said processor being capable of accessing said non-volatile memory before initialization of an I/O device.
- 22. (Currently Amended) A computer system according to claim 21.

wherein said processor generating first logicalphysical address translating table for said first memory based
on said first and second memory information and stores at

least a part of said first logical-physical address translating table in said first memory, and

wherein said processor assigns a region to store a second logical-physical address translating table for said second memory in said first memory.

23. (Previously Presented) A computer system according to claim 22,

wherein said first memory has a non-translatable region, and

wherein said processor uses said non-translatable region for said first and second logical-physical address translating table.

24. (Previously Presented) A computer system according to claim 22,

wherein said processor has TLB.

25. (Previously Presented) A computer system according to claim 21,

wherein said non-volatile storage is EEPROM.

a non-volatile storage storing a first configuration information of said first main memory and second configuration information of a second main memory to be hot-added, and

a processor acquiring said first and second configuration information from said non-volatile storage on memory-mapping of said first main memory, said processor being capable of accessing said non-volatile memory before initialization of an I/O device.

27. (Currently Amended) A computer system according to claim 26,

wherein said processor assigns a non-address translated region in said first main memory when memory-mapping said first main memory.

28. (Previously Presented) A computer system according to claim 27,

wherein said processor determines size of said non-address translated region based on said first and second configuration information.

29. (Previously Presented) A computer system according to claim 28,

wherein said processor generates a first logicalphysical address translation pairs of said first main memory
based on said first configuration information and stores at
least a part of said logical-physical address translation
pairs in said non-address translated region.

30. (Previously Presented) A computer system according to claim 28,

wherein said processor assigns a region a second logical-physical address translating pairs of said main memory in said non-address translated region.

31. (Previously Presented) A computer system according to claim 26,

wherein said non-volatile storage is EEPROM.

32. (Previously Presented) A computer system according to claim 26,

wherein said processor has TLB.

- 33. (Currently Amended) A computer system, which supports a virtual memory system, said computer system comprising,
 - a first main memory,
- a non-volatile storage storing a first information setting a memory size of a second main memory to be hot-inserted,
- a processor mapping said first main memory and acquiring said first information upon said mapping, said processor being capable of accessing said non-volatile memory before initialization of an I/O device.
- 34. (Previously Presented) A computer system according to claim 33,

wherein said processor assigns a top priority region of interrupt handling in said first main memory.

35. (Previously Presented) A computer system according to claim 34,

wherein said processor acquires a memory size of said first main memory and determines said not priority region

from said memory size of said first main memory and said first information.

36. (Previously Presented) A computer system according to claim 35.

wherein said processor generates a first logicalphysical address translation pairs of said first main memory
and stores at least a part of said first logical-physical
address translating pairs in said top priority region.

37. (Previously Presented) A computer system according to claim 35,

wherein said processor reserves a region to store a second logical-physical address translation pairs of said second main memory in said top priority region.

38. (Previously Presented) A computer system according to claim 33,

wherein said non-volatile storage EEPROM.

39. (Previously Presented) A computer system according to claim 35,

wherein said processor has a logical-physical address translating unit.

40. (Previously Presented) A computer system according to claim 39,

wherein said processor has TLB.

- 41. (Previously Presented) A computer system according to claim 21, wherein the non-volatile storage stores the second memory information preliminarily before the second memory is hot-plugged.
- 42. (Previously Presented) A computer system according to claim 21, wherein the non-volatile storage stores the second memory information when the computer system is powered on.
- 43. (Previously Presented) A computer system according to claim 26, wherein the non-volatile storage stores the second configuration information of the second main memory in advance of the hot-adding of the second main memory.

- 44. (Previously Presented) A computer system according to claim 26, wherein the non-volatile storage stores the second configuration information of the second main memory when the computer system is powered on.
- 45. (Previously Presented) A computer system according to claim 33, wherein the non-volatile storage stores the first information prior to the hot-insertion of the second main memory.
- 46. (Previously Presented) A computer system according to claim 33, wherein the non-volatile storage stores the first information when the computer system is powered on.